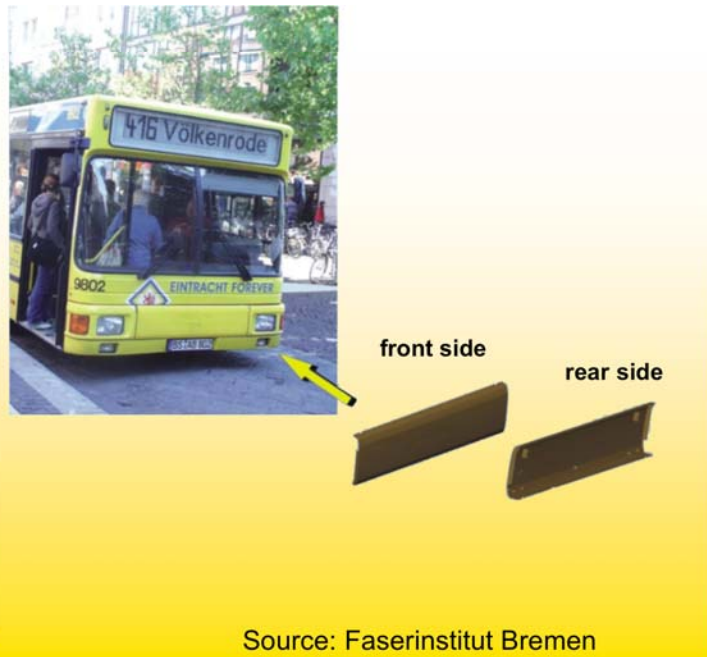
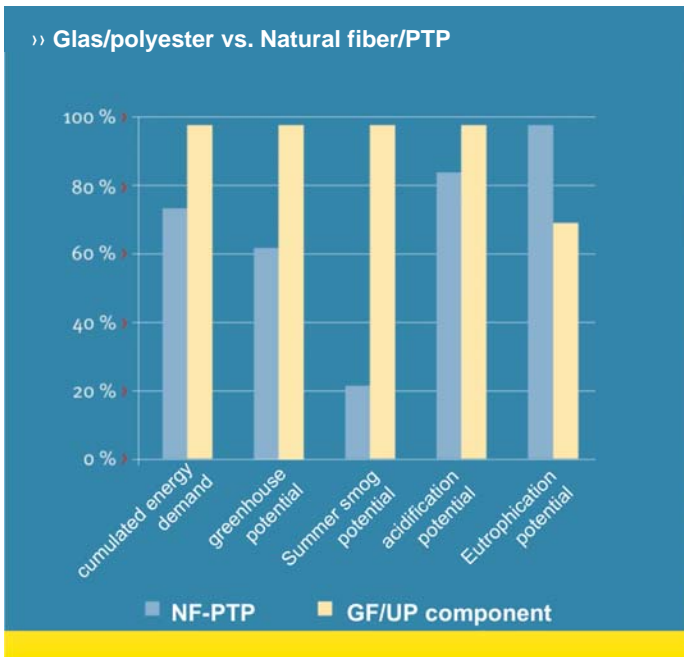


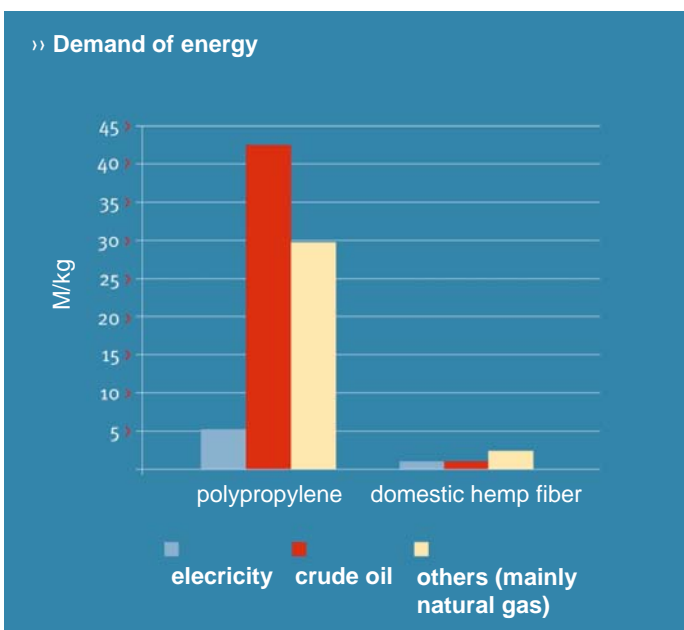
Advantageous material properties of natural fibres reinforced polymers

Dipl.-Ing. Frank Otremba
M-Base Engineering + Software GmbH
Aachen

- overview of nontechnical advantages**
- material properties and technical advantages
of natural fiber reinforced polymers**
- Design with natural fiber reinforced polymers**



Ecological Advantages

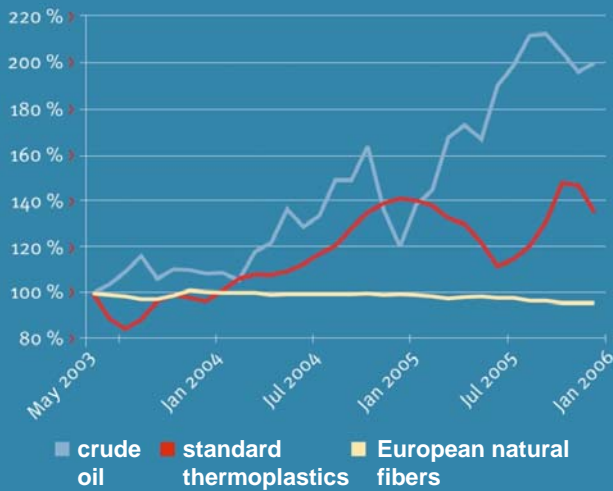


- The production of natural fiber is remarkably independent of the consumption of crude oil and natural gas.

Source: nova Institut

Increasing cost attractiveness

» Price development of crude oil, standard thermoplastics and European natural fibers since 2003



Comparison of Natural Fiber Prices

Compared to crude oil and standard thermoplastics the level of European natural fiber prices is very even.

Source: nova Institut

Increasing cost attractiveness

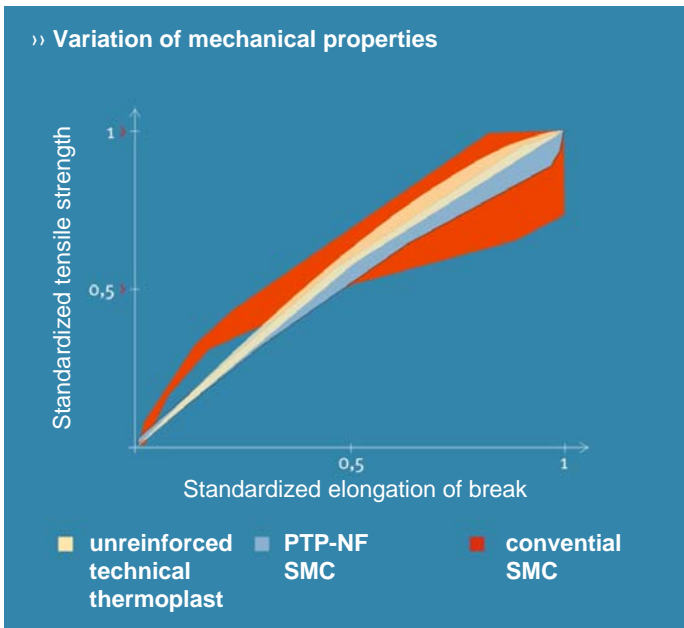
» Worldwide bast and leaf fiber production



Worldwide bast and leaf fiber production 5,4 m tons (according to FAO 2005)

- 2.860.000 t, jute
mainly India, Bangladesch
- 931.000 t, coco
mainly India, Vietnam, Sri Lanka
- 782.000 t, flax
mainly China, Europe, Russia, White Russia
- 403.000 t, jute-like fibers
mainly Indien, Bangladesch, China, Thailand
- 314.000 t, sisal
mainly Brazil, East Africa
- 66.000 t, hemp
mainly China, Europe

High Security of Supply

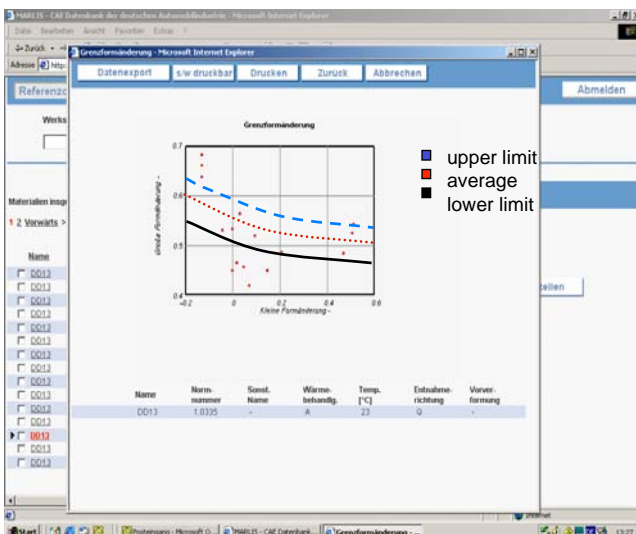


Homogeneous Mechanical Properties

- Natural fiber reinforced polymers are often blamed for the high variation of their properties. But a comparison with conventional materials shows that the variation does not exceed those of conventional materials.

Source: Faserinstitut Bremen

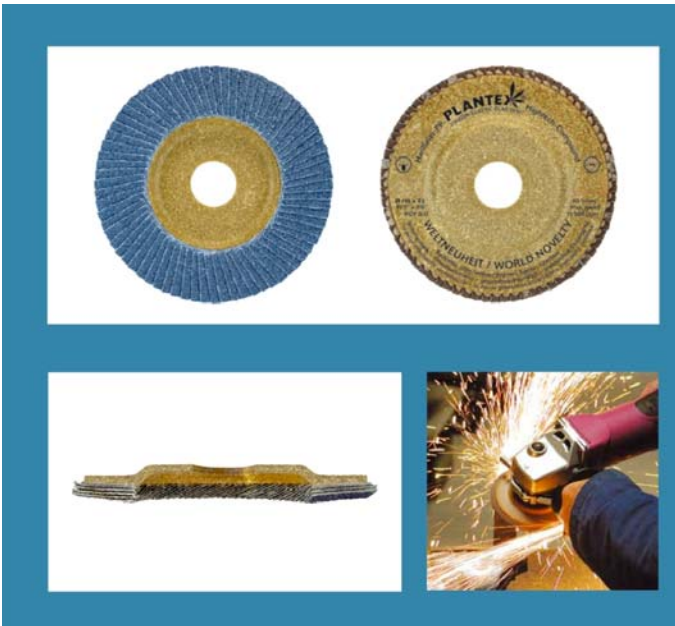
High Quality



Homogeneous Mechanical Properties

- Non polymer conventional materials, i.e. steel show significant variation of mechanical properties, too.

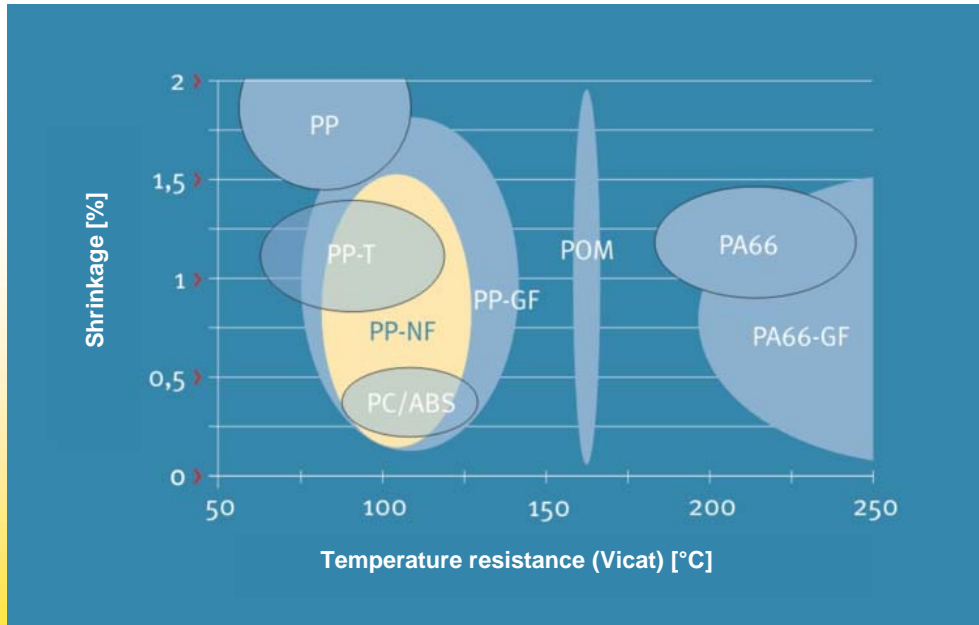
Quality of conventional materials



- flexible grinding wheel with injection molded carrier of PP-NF
- good mechanical properties
- Advantages for safety at work
- Advantages for disposal

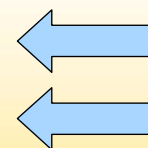
Advantage for occupational health

- technological Advantages
 - **dimensional stability**
 - **temperature resistance**
 - **mechanical properties**
 - **crash behaviour**



Shrinkage of PP-NF

- good impact resistance (Charpy)
- good surface quality
- little shrinkage / warpage
- good thermal endurance

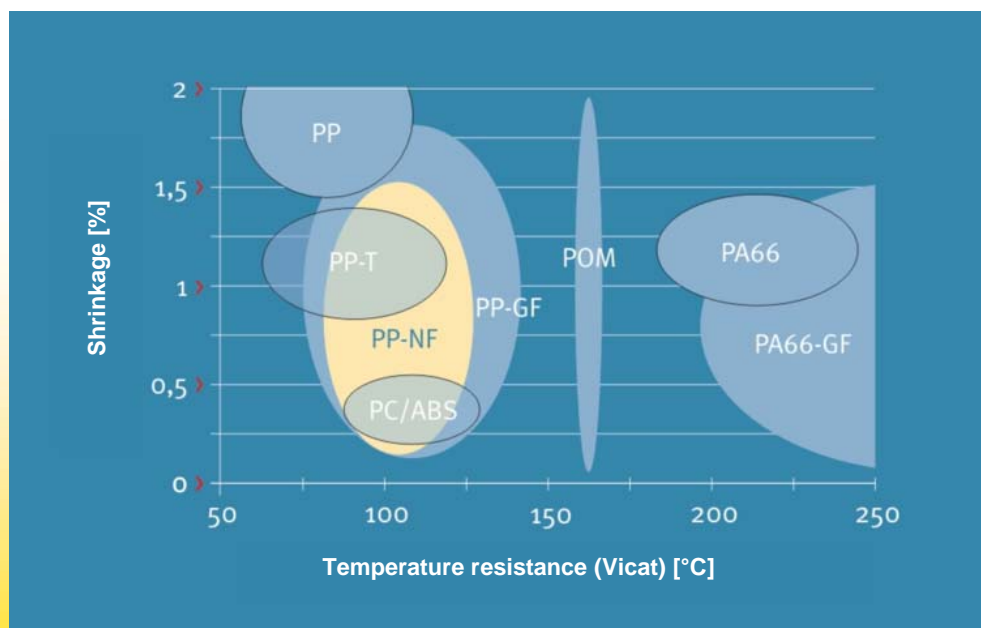


**possible
points of
attack for
PP-NF**

Reasons for Using PC/ABS

- price
- processability
- no contact noise (squeak)

Benefits of PP-NF compared to PC/ABS

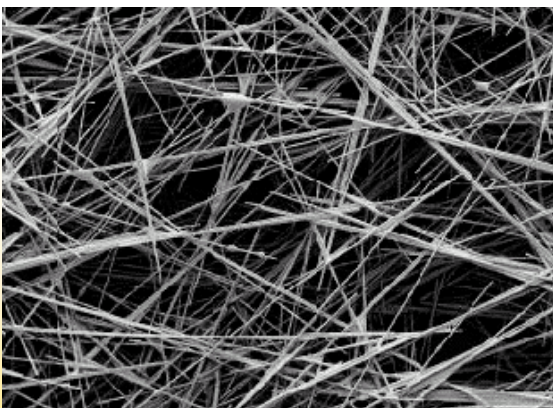


Shrinkage of PP-NF

Shrinkage = $f(\text{Material, Melt Temperature, Pressure, ...})$

Due to the thermal sensitivity of natural fibers, PP-NF is optimized for the processing at low temperatures; high pressures are required for filling. Both reduce the shrinkage of the part.

Factors Influencing Shrinkage Processing



glass fibers

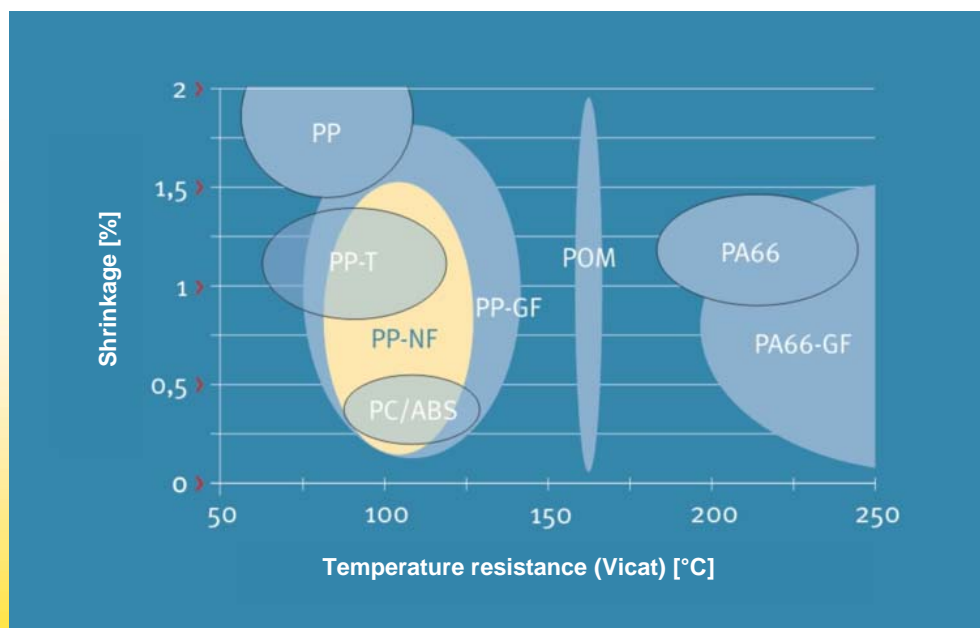


natural fibers

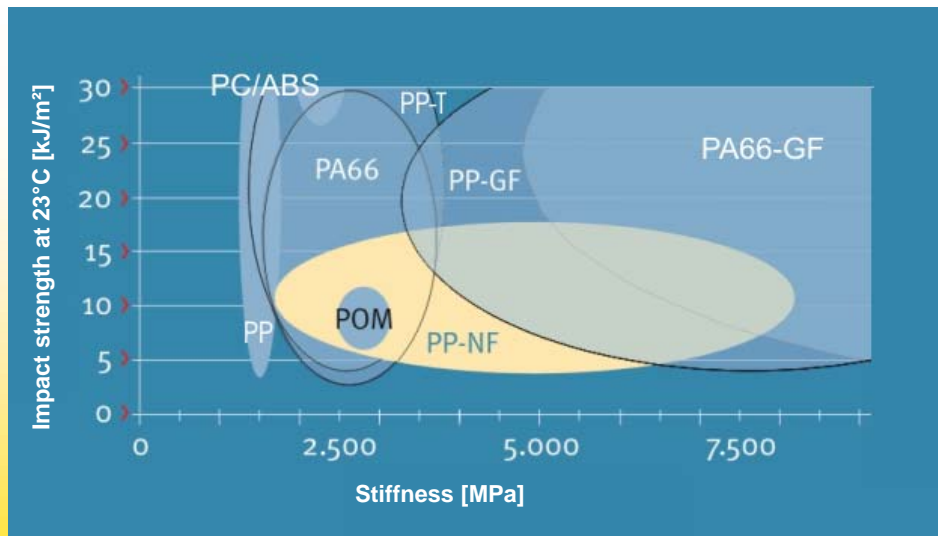
Factors Influencing Shrinkage/Fiber Orientation Fiber Geometry

compound	volumetric fiber content[%]
PP-GF 30	14,5
PP-GF 50	28
PP-NF 20	15,5
PP-NF 30	23,5

Factors Influencing Shrinkage/Fiber Orientation volumetric fiber content



Temperature Resistance



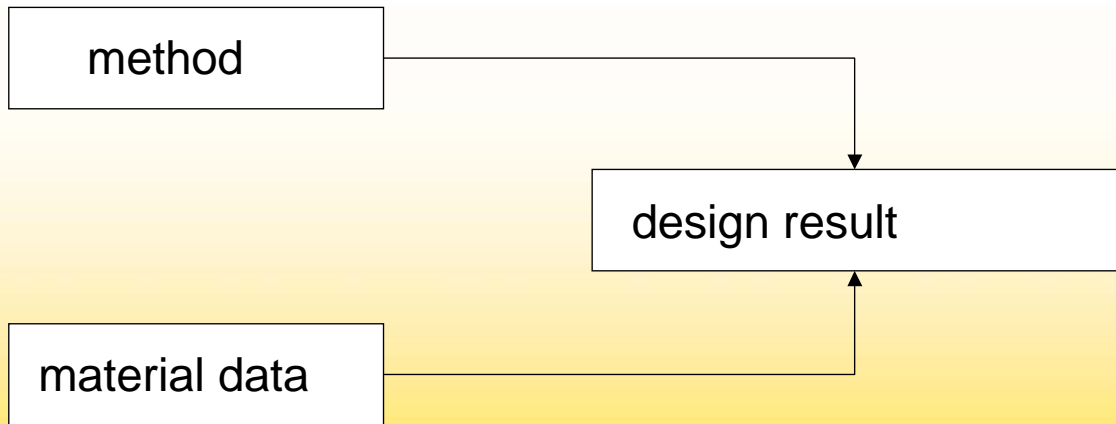
mechanical properties

Although Charpy impact properties are quite poor, natural fiber reinforced polymers are known for their good crash behavior:

- they do not sliver
- they absorb a lot of energy

Maybe these advantages are restricted to textile based compression molded parts.

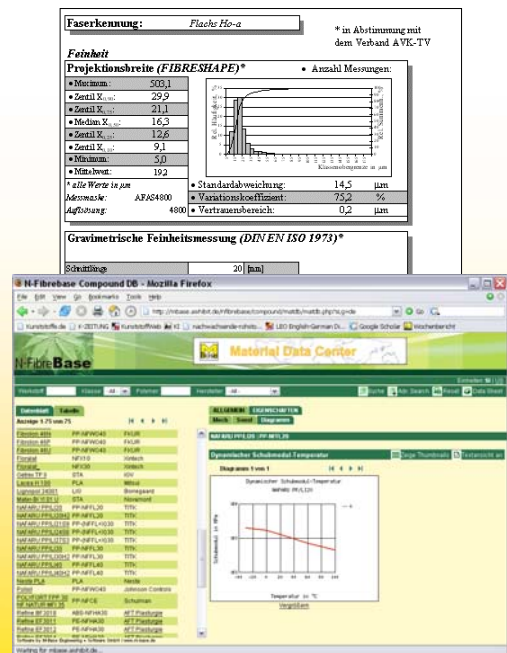
crash behaviour



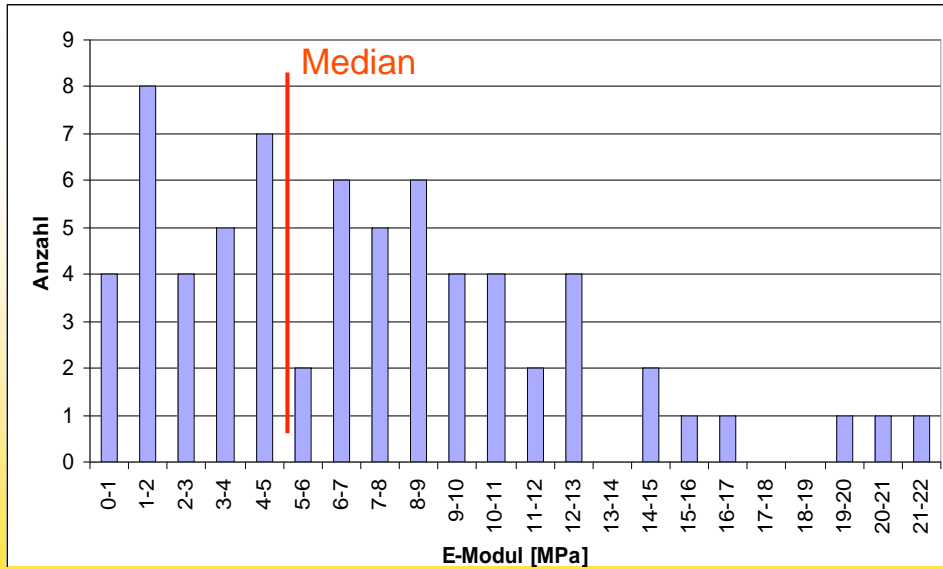
Elements of Design

- **test recommendation**
 - reproducible, effective and comparable tests for fibers and compounds

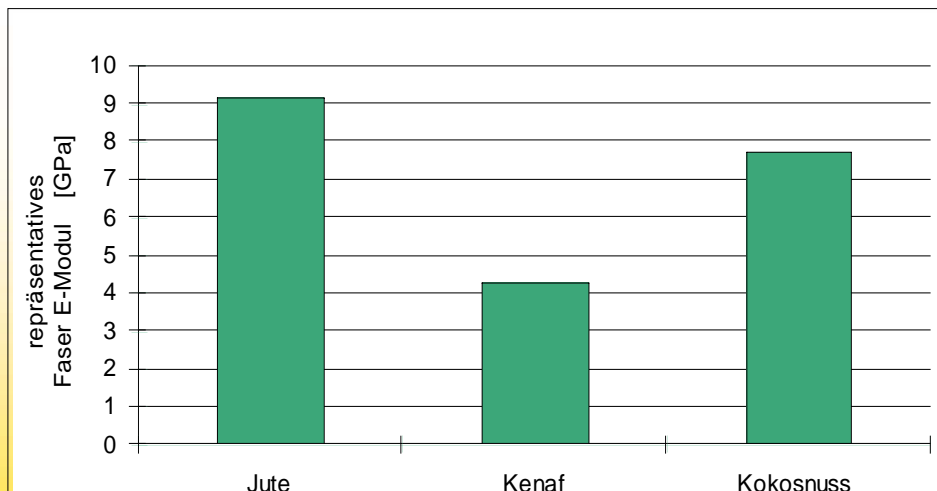
- **internet portal**
 - data bases



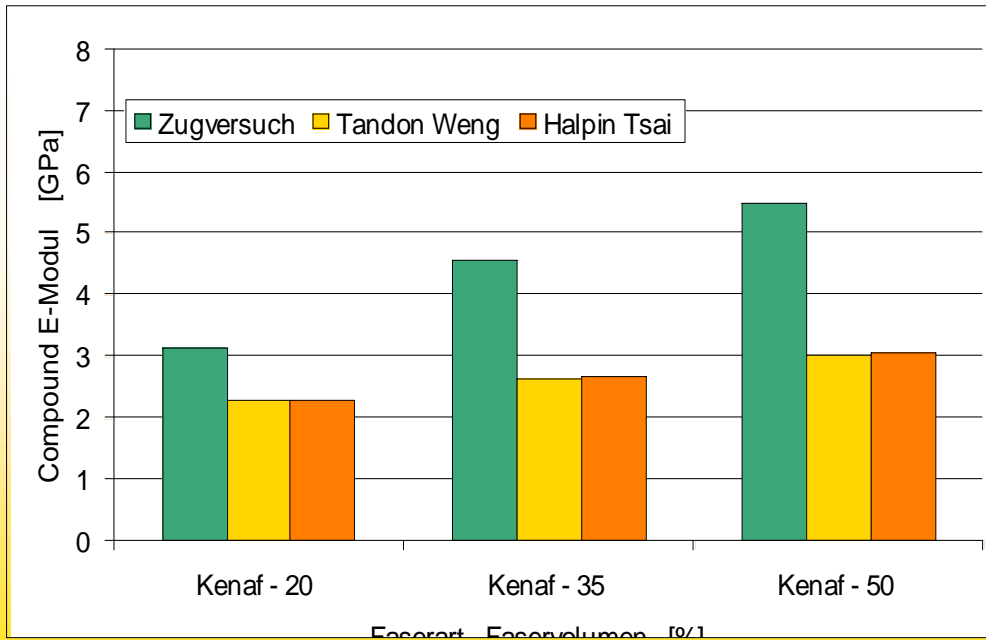
Material Data?
[www.N-FibreBase.net!](http://www.N-FibreBase.net)



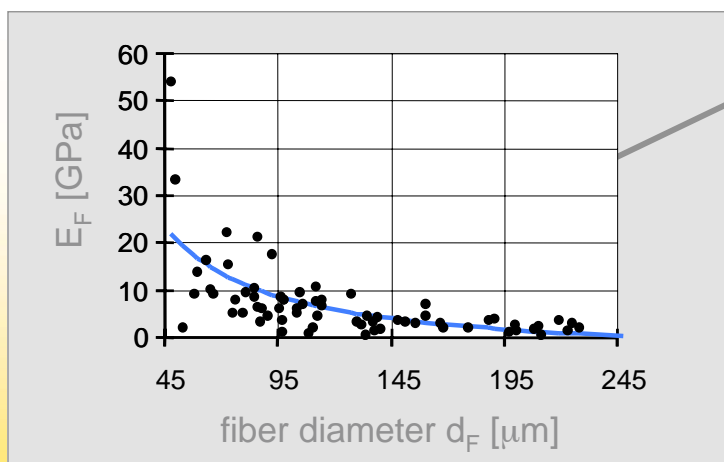
Determination of the Representative Elastic Modulus



Test Results Fiber Modulus



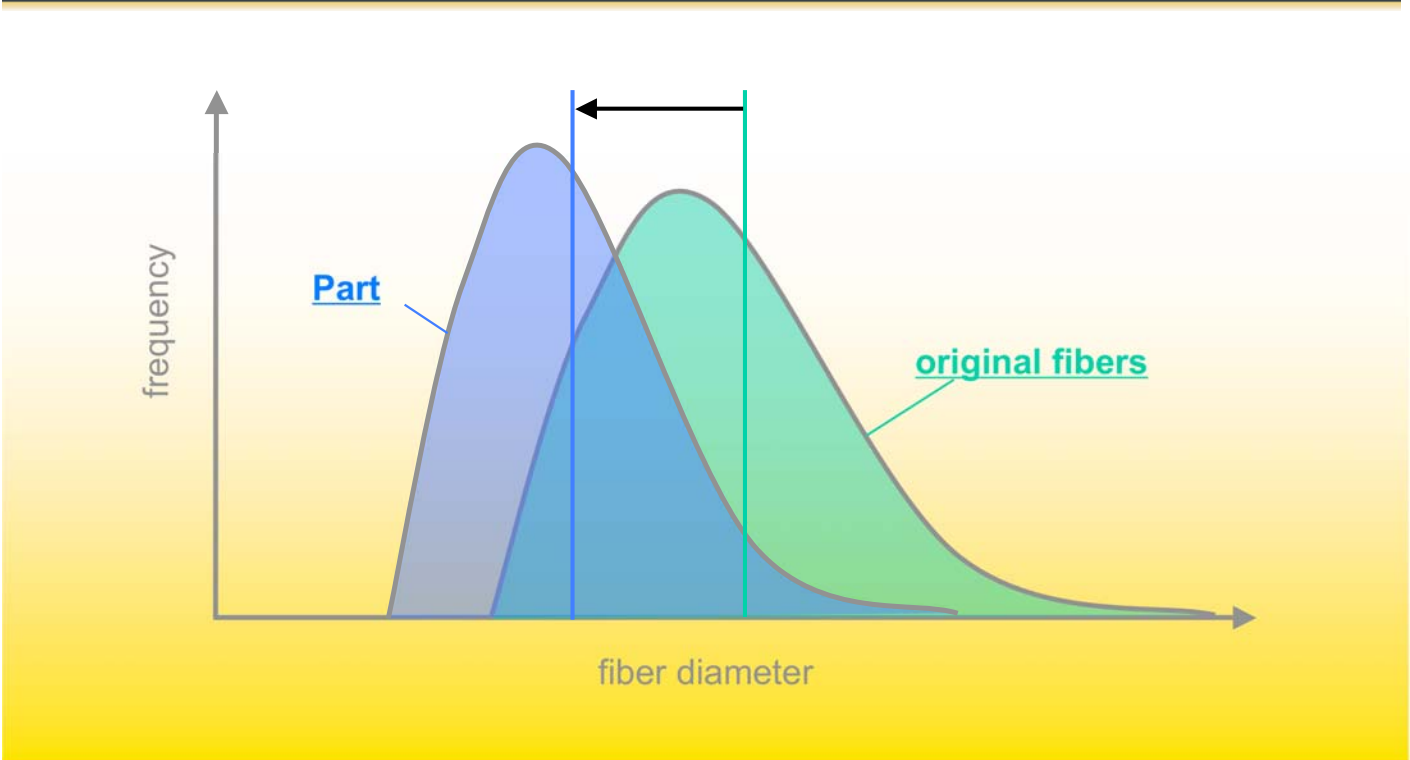
Comparison of Calculated and Measured Compound Modulus



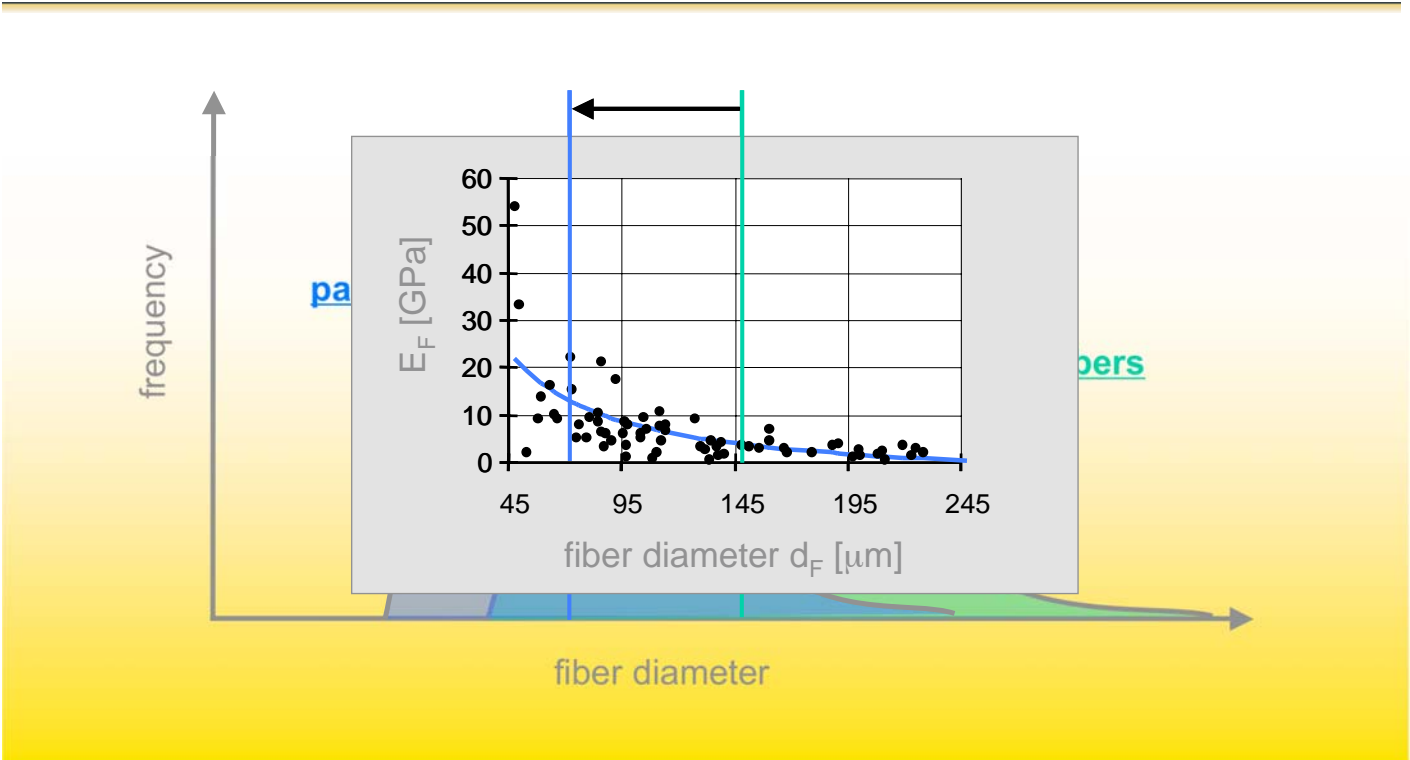
Griffith-Approximation

$$E_F = A + \frac{B}{d_F}$$

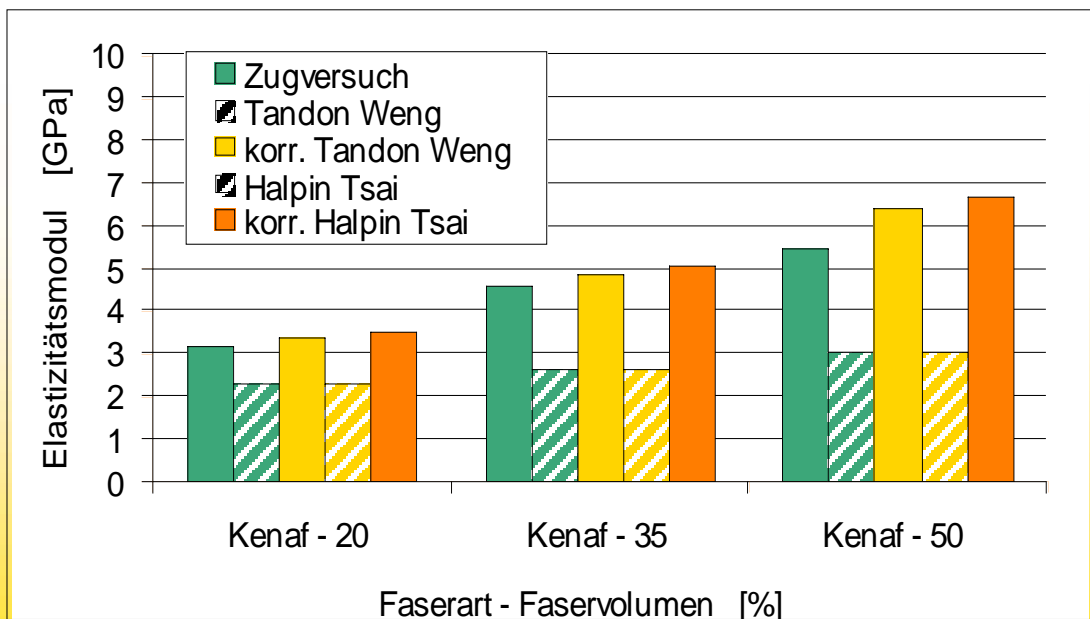
Dependency of Elastic Modulus from Fiber Geometry



Differences in Fiber Diameter Distribution Part – Original Fibers



Differences in Fiber Diameter Distribution Part – Original Fibers



Comparison of Calculated and Measured Compound Modulus



NF-GuideLines

Development of design guidelines for injection and compression molding of natural fiber reinforced polymers

further information: www.n-fibrebase.net

Actual Project

M-Base Engineering + Software GmbH

Faserinstitut Bremen e.V., (FIBRE)

Institut für Polymerwerkstoffe und Kunststofftechnik der
TU-Clausthal, (PuK)

Faurecia Innenraum Systeme GmbH

Project Partner

- Natural fiber reinforced polymers provide a lot of interesting properties
- Substitution of several technical polymers is possible (PP, PP-T, PC/ABS, ...)
- Distribution of design knowlegde is a good marketing instrument

Advantageous material properties of natural fibres reinforced polymers

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