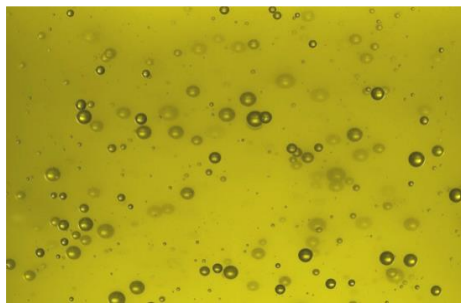


Hemp Grain & Quality

EIHA Conference, June 2018, Cologne



Main Statement

The quality of the hemp grain used as raw material is the basis for building up the quality of hemp food products.

Preventing all types of contamination that may occur is essential for supplying the best possible quality raw material.



Canah and Hempro Int. - over 15 years in hemp grain processing

- Methods to process: hulling / shelling, pressing, milling
- Hemp food products have to comply with regulations on Quality & Safety and with the standards set up by the clients.
- The pressure from the market and from the authorities is determining us to establish quality standards for our products and consequently for the hemp grain.



Cultivation

- Variety of seeds
- Region
- Methods

Harvest

- Time
- Method used
- Variety of seeds

Key Activities for Grain Quality

Transportation

- Packaging
- Cleanliness
- Temperature changes
- Moisture

Storage

- Cleanliness
- Temperature
- Environmental moisture

Cleaning and drying

- Within 8 hours from harvest
- Drying method
- Temperature

Organoleptic properties

- Color
- Odor
- Taste

Impurities

- Type
- Percentage

Moisture + aw-value

- Impact on molds and yeast development
- Preventing of micro growth

Quick Tests

FFA (free fatty acids)

- Measured in pressed oil
- Depending on the freshness of seeds

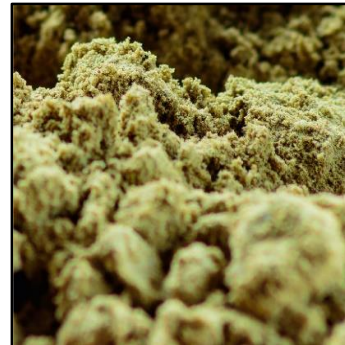
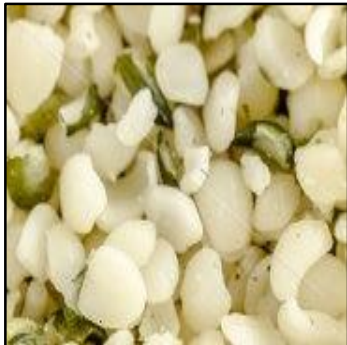
Impurities:

Some of them can be eliminated in the standard cleaning process, others not. So it is much better to prevent the contamination.

Impurities impact the final product:

- From visual point of view
- From quality point of view

An important impact on quality has the gluten from grass-related grains (wheat, rye, barley, oat)



Example of impurities versus clean hemp grain:



Straw parts and dust in hemp grain



Good hemp grain

Examples of impurities:



Black vegetal fragments and fungus sclerotia



Wheat grain

Examples of impurities:



Removed impurities



Different impurities and green hemp grain

Microbiology

**Chemical
Analysis**

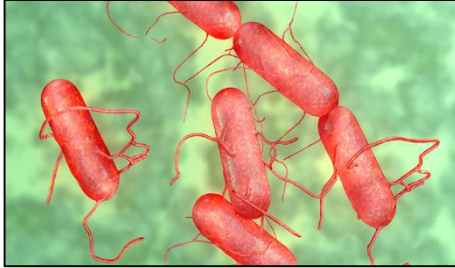
Pesticides / PAH

Quality Control

Heavy Metal

Total THC

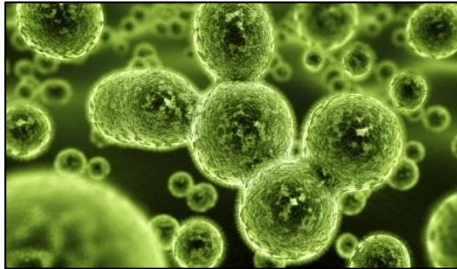
Mycotoxine



Salmonella



Coagulase Positiv Staphylococci

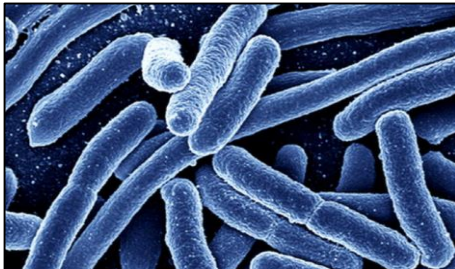


Mold

Microbiology



Bacillus Cereus



E.Coli



Anaerobic Sulphite Reducin Bakteria

Microbiology [KbE/g]

	Oilseeds	
	guidance value	warning value
Microbiology [cfu/g] *		
Total Plate Count	10 ⁶	
Enterobacteriaceae		
E.coli	10 ⁴	10 ²
Bacillus Cereus	10 ²	10 ³
Coagulase Positiv Staphylococci		
Yeast	10 ⁴	
Mold	10 ⁴	
Anaerobic Sulphite Reducing Bacteria		
Salmonella in 125g		n.d. in 125g

Regulation (EC) 178/2002,
Article 14, 1:
Food shall not be placed on the market if it is unsafe.

<p>Regulation (EC) 178/2002, Article 14, 1: Food shall not be placed on the market if it is unsafe.</p>	
<p>178/2002</p> <p>Official Journal of the European Communities</p> <p>12.2.2002</p> <p>Article 14</p> <p>General requirements</p> <p>Where, pursuant to their rights and obligations, the competent authorities of the Member States shall:</p> <p>(a) ensure that the development of international standards for food and feed safety and phytosanitary measures;</p> <p>(b) promote the coordination of work on food and feed safety matters by national government and non-governmental organisations;</p> <p>(c) encourage, where relevant and appropriate, in the development of appropriate measures to the reduction of specific food and feed safety risks;</p> <p>(d) take particular account of the special development, production and distribution of emerging countries, with a view to ensuring that standards, standards do not create unnecessary obstacles to export from developing countries;</p> <p>(e) promote measures to ensure that technical standards and food law while covering the full range of production and distribution in the Community is not reduced.</p>	<p>Article 14</p> <p>General requirements</p> <p>Where, pursuant to their rights and obligations, the competent authorities of the Member States shall:</p> <p>(a) ensure that the development of international standards for food and feed safety and phytosanitary measures;</p> <p>(b) promote the coordination of work on food and feed safety matters by national government and non-governmental organisations;</p> <p>(c) encourage, where relevant and appropriate, in the development of appropriate measures to the reduction of specific food and feed safety risks;</p> <p>(d) take particular account of the special development, production and distribution of emerging countries, with a view to ensuring that standards, standards do not create unnecessary obstacles to export from developing countries;</p> <p>(e) promote measures to ensure that technical standards and food law while covering the full range of production and distribution in the Community is not reduced.</p>

* according to DGHM (German Society of Hygiene and Microbiology)

Microbiology [KbE/g]

	Oilseeds		Milled Cereal Products		Instant Products		comments
	guidance value	warning value	guidance value	warning value	guidance value	warning value	
Microbiology [cfu/g] *							
Total Plate Count	10 ⁶						10 = 10 ¹ 100 = 10 ² 10.000 = 10 ⁴ 1.000.000 = 10 ⁶
Enterobacteriaceae			10 ⁵	10 ⁶	10 ³	10 ⁴	
E.coli	10 ¹	10 ²					
Bacillus Cereus	10 ²	10 ³	10 ²	10 ³	10 ³	10 ⁴	
Coagulase Positiv Staphylococci			10 ²	10 ³	10 ²	10 ³	no guidance / warning value for unprocessed hemp seeds BUT for milled cereal and instant products → necessary to consider guidance / warning values for processed product when evaluation raw material
Yeast	10 ⁴		10 ³				
Mold	10 ⁴						
Anaerobic Sulphite Reducing Bacteria			10 ²	10 ³	10 ³	10 ⁴	
Salmonella in 125g		n/a in 125g					

* according to DGHM (German Society of Hygiene and Microbiology)



Moisture



Acid Value

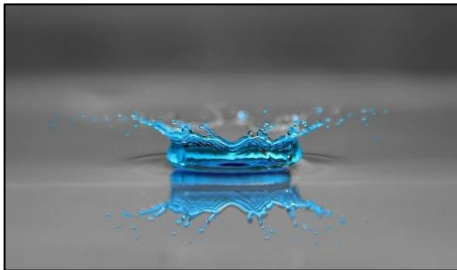


Gluten

Chemical Analysis



Peroxid Value



a_w



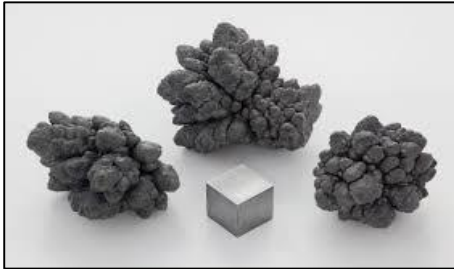
Allergens Mustard

Chemical Analysis

Chemical Analysis		
Moisture [%] **	< 10	wheat 14% - for hemp seeds too high
Acid value [mg KOH/g fat] ***	≤ 1,5	≤ 4,0 *** - for hemp seeds too high
Peroxide value [meq act. O/kg fat] ***	≤ 2,5	≤ 10,0 *** for hemp seeds too high
Water activity (a_w) **	< 0,7	hemp (according to our experience / internal value) wheat 0,7 (official value)
Gluten [mg/kg]	n. d.	detection limit e. g. 5 mg/kg allergen labelling < 20 mg/kg => 200 µg / 100 g
Allergen: All other allergens	n. d.	

** according to MRI (Federal Research Institute of Nutrition and Food)

*** according to Deutsches Lebensmittelbuch, Leitsätze für Speisefette und Speiseöle



Lead



Cadmium

Heavy Metals



Mercury

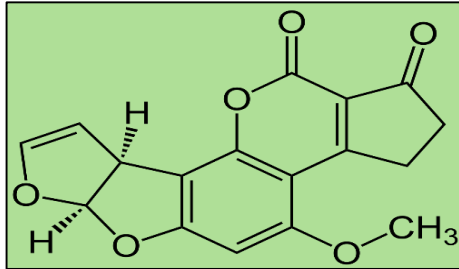


Arsenic

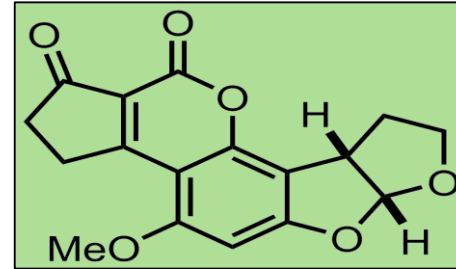
Heavy Metals

	Oilseeds	comments
	content _{max.}	
Heavy Metals **** [mg/kg]		
Lead	< 0,2	grain
Cadmium	< 0,1	grain except wheat
Mercury	-	(dietary supplements < 0,1)
Arsenic	-	(milled rice < 0,2)

**** Council regulation (EC) 1181/2006



Aflatoxin B1



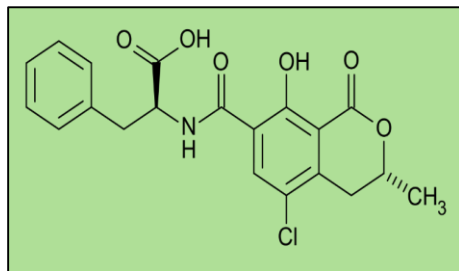
Aflatoxin B2



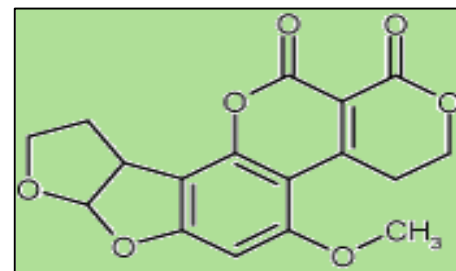
Mycotoxines



Aflatoxin G1



Ochratoxin A

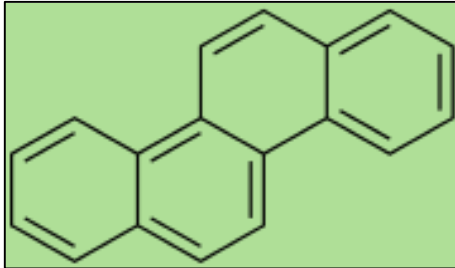


Aflatoxin G2

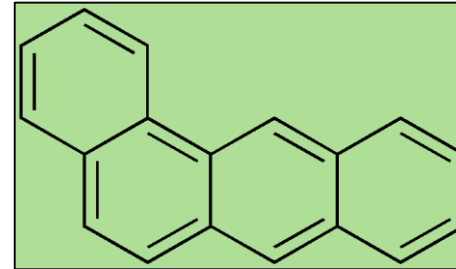
Mycotoxine [$\mu\text{g/kg}$]

	Oilseeds	comments
	content _{max.}	
Mycotoxines *****		
Aflatox B1	< 2,0	direct human consumption or food ingridient except usage as refined vegetable oil
	< 8,0	oilseeds that are sorted or treated with other physical methods
Aflatox B2	-	
Aflatox G1	-	
Aflatox G2	-	
Σ B1+B2+G1+G2	< 4,0	direct human consumption or food ingridient except usage as refined vegetable oil
	< 15,0	oilseeds that are sorted or treated with other physical methods
Ochratox. A	< 5,0	unprocessed grain
	< 3,0	product made out of unprocessed grain an grain for direct human consumption

***** Council regulation (EC) 1181/2006 and (EU) 165/2010



Chrysen



Benzoapyren

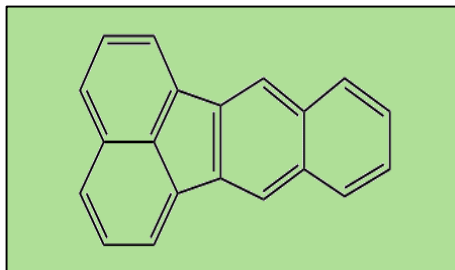


Pesticides

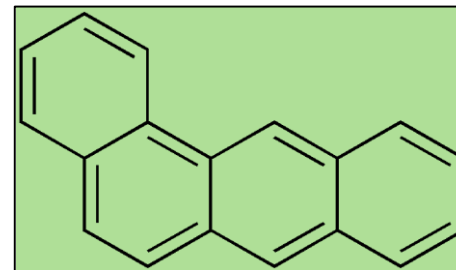
Pesticides / PAH



Pesticides



Benzoflourathen

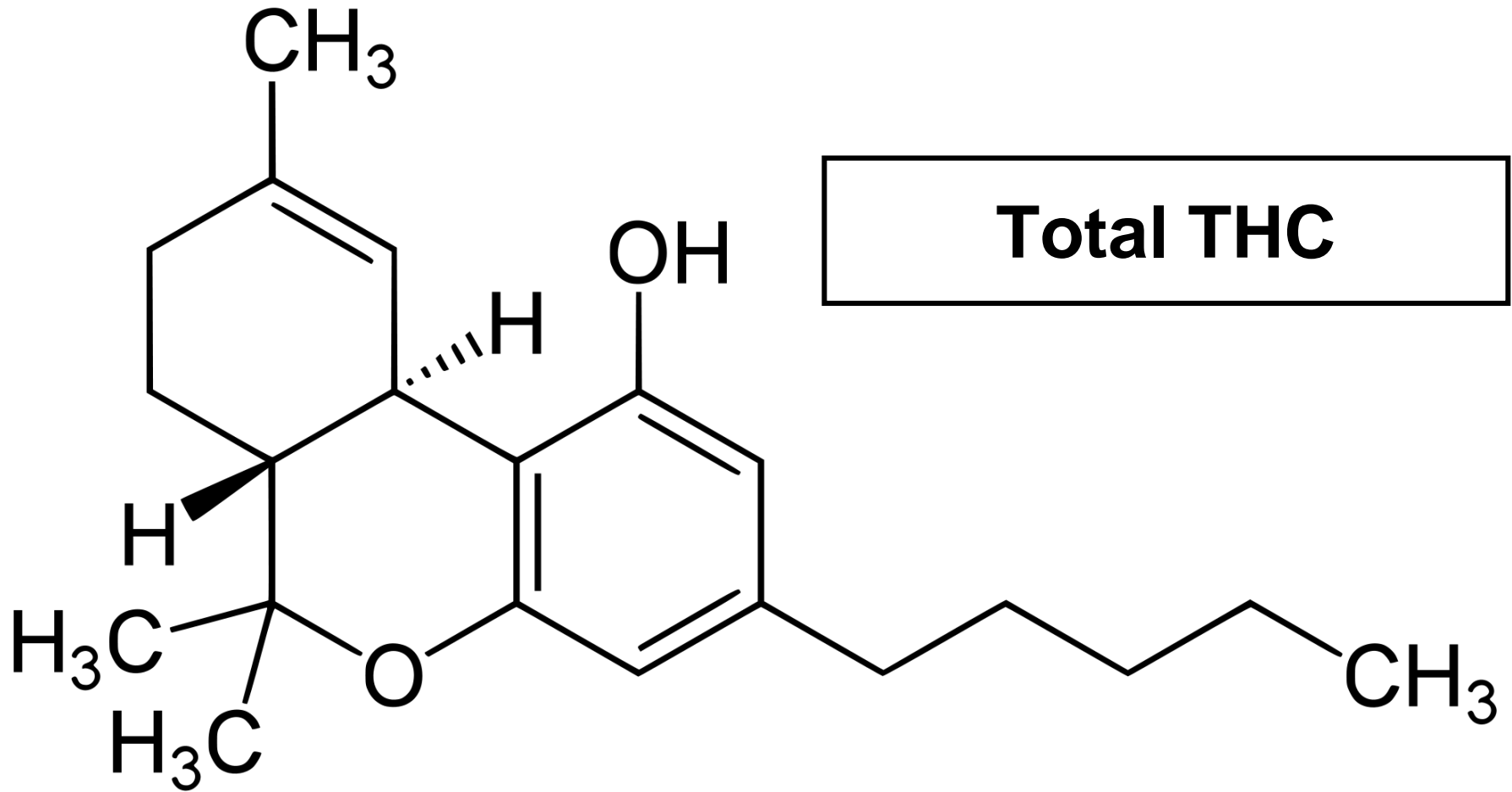


Benzantracen

Pesticides / PAH

	Oilseeds	comments
	content _{max.}	
Pesticides (standard range)		
organic	≤ 0,01	Council Regulations (EC) 834/2007 and (EC) 889/2008 BNN guidelines
conventional		Council Regulations (EC) 396/2005 and EC 889/2008
PAH *****(µg/kg]		
Benzo(a)pyren	< 0,5	2,0 µg/kg in oil
1,2-Benzanthracen	-	
Benzo(b)flouranthen	-	
Chrysen		
Σ 4 PAH	< 2,5	10 µg/kg in oil

***** Council regulation (EC) 1181/2006 and (EC) 835/2011



Total THC

	Oilseeds	comments
	content _{max.}	
THC _{total} [mg/kg]		
Oil pressing	< 2,5	5.000 µg/kg according to BfR (former BGVV) EIHA recommandation: 10.000 µg/kg
Hulling	< 8	hulled hemp seeds (contaminated shell is removed during hulling)

	Oilseeds			Milled Cereal Products		Instant Products		comments
	guidance value	warning value	content _{max.}	guidance value	warning value	guidance value	warning value	
Microbiology [cfu/g] *								
Total Plate Count	10 ⁶							10 = 10 ⁴ 100 = 10 ⁵ 10.000 = 10 ⁶ 1.000.000 = 10 ⁷
Enterobacteriaceae				10 ⁵	10 ⁶	10 ³	10 ⁴	
E.coli	10 ³	10 ²						
Bacillus Cereus	10 ²	10 ³		10 ²	10 ³	10 ³	10 ⁴	no guidance / warning value for unprocessed hemp seeds
Coagulase Positiv Staphylococci				10 ²	10 ³	10 ²	10 ³	
Yeast	10 ⁴			10 ³				BUT for milled cereal and instant products
Mold	10 ⁴							→ necessary to consider guidance / warning values for processed product when evaluation raw material
Anaerobic Sulphite Reducing Bacteria				10 ²	10 ³	10 ³	10 ⁴	
Salmonella in 125g		n/a in 125g						
Chemical Analysis								
moisture [%] **			< 10					wheat 14% - for hemp seeds to high
acid value [mg KOH/g fat] ***			≤ 1,5					≤ 4,0 *** - for hemp seeds too high
peroxid value [meq act. O/kg fat] ***			≤ 2,5					≤ 10,0 *** for hemp seeds too high
a _w **			0,7					wheat
Gluten [mg/kg]			< 5,0					detection limit
Allergene: Senf			n/a					allergen labelling > 20mg/kg
Heavy Metals **** [mg/kg]								
lead			< 0,2					grain
cadmium			< 0,01					grain except wheat
mercury			-					(dietary supplements < 0,1)
arsenic			-					(milled rice < 0,2)
Mycotoxines *****								
Aflatox B1			< 2,0					direct human consumption or food ingredient except usage as refined vegetable oil
			< 8,0					oilseeds that are sorted or treated with other physical methods
Aflatox B2			-					
Aflatox G1			-					
Aflatox G2			-					
Σ B1+B2+G1+G2			< 4,0					direct human consumption or food ingredient except usage as refined vegetable oil
			< 15,0					oilseeds that are sorted or treated with other physical methods
Ochratox. A			< 5,0					unprocessed grain
			< 3,0					product made out of unprocessed grain an grain for direct human consumption
Pesticides (standard range)								
organic								Council Regulations (EC) 834/2007 and (EC) 889/2008 BNN guidelines
conventional								Council Regulations (EC) 396/2005 and EC 889/2008
PAH *****[µg/kg]								
Benzo(a)pyren			< 0,5					2,0 µg/kg in oil
1,2-Benzanthracen			-					
Benzo(b)fluoranthen			-					
Chrysen			-					
Σ 4 PAH			< 2,5					10 µg/kg in oil
THC_{total} [mg/kg]								
oil pressing			< 2,5					5.000µg/kg according to BfR (former BGVV) EiHA recommendation: 10.000µg/kg
hulling			< 8					hulled hemp seeds (contaminated shell is removed during hulling)

* according to DGHM (German Society of Hygiene and Microbiology)
 ** according to MRI (Federal Research Institute of Nutrition and Food)
 *** according to Deutsches Lebensmittelbuch, Leitsätze für Speisefette und Speiseöle

**** Council regulation (EC) 1181/2006
 ***** Council regulation (EC) 1181/2006 and (EU) 165/2010
 ***** Council regulation (EC) 1181/2006 and (EC) 835/2011

Cultivation / Harvest

- Soil evaluation
- Winddrift
- Maintenance of harvester (e.g. oil leakage)
- Use of trailers for transport of harvested crop only
- Avoiding Contaminations and impurities
- Cleaning / disinfection schedule
- Etc.



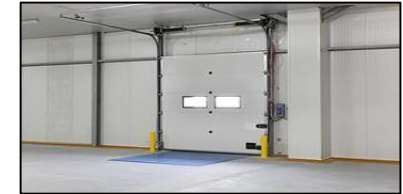
Production

- Product flow from „field to processor“
- Hygienic design of buildings, facilities, storage, equipment, e.g.
 - suitability of material (easy to clean)
 - product flow from unclean area to clean area
 - water supply and sanitation
 - wash basins, toilets for employees
- Cleaning / disinfection schedule
- Maintenance / regular exchange of cleaning devices
- Pest control, e.g.
 - pest control plan
 - waste management
 - hygienic design of manufacturing buildings
 - maintenance of buildings / production side
- Flushing batches
- Employees
 - Hygiene training for employees / hygiene awareness



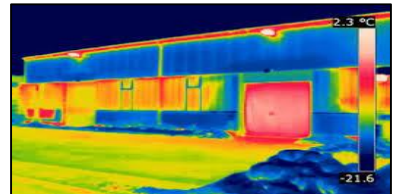
Packaging

- Food defence
- Cleaning / disinfection of containers etc.
- Use of transport equipment for food grade only (bulk)
- Prevention of migration and immigration
- Protection against pests
- Use of new Big Bags
- Etc.



Storage / Transportation

- Prevention of condensation
- Air circulation
- No standing water
- Prevention of thermal bridges
- Temperature / environmental conditions (humidity)
- Moisture of hemp seeds
- Pest control
- Etc.



Focus on quality hemp grain

The partnership between the suppliers of hemp grain (farmers, associations and traders) and processors, focusing on quality hemp grains, as raw materials, will contribute to the development of the hemp food market.





Thank You for Your Attention!

EIHA Conference, June 2018, Cologne